

ifm electronic



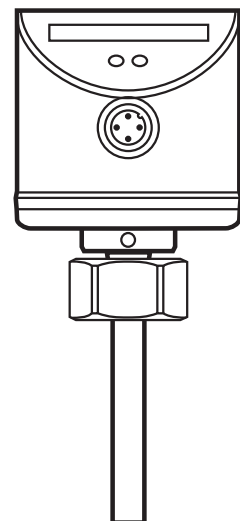
Operating instructions
Flow monitors

efector300®

SI0556

UK

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1 Preliminary note

1.1 Explanation of symbols

	Instruction
	Reaction to the action
	Reference to another section of this document
	Important note, especially to be adhered to
	Important note on the electrical connection
	LED lights green
	LED lights orange
	LED lights red
	LED flashes

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2 Safety instructions

- Please read the product description prior to set-up of the unit. Ensure that the product is suitable for your application without any restrictions.
- Improper or non-intended use may lead to malfunctions of the unit or to unwanted effects in your application.
- That is why installation, electrical connection, set-up, operation and maintenance of the unit must only be carried out by qualified personnel authorised by the machine operator.



3 Functions and features

3.1 Application area

The unit monitors the flow and the temperature of liquid and gaseous media.

3.2 Flow and temperature monitoring with output S1

The unit detects the flow velocity and the current medium temperature. It links the two measured signals (logical function: AND) and switches output S1:

	output S1
flow $\geq$ switch point SP1 and medium temperature $\geq$ switch point SP2	closed
• flow < SP1 or • temperature < SP2 or • flow < SP1 and temperature < SP2	open

This applies to the unit on delivery: output = normally open. If necessary you can change the outputs to normally closed function ($\rightarrow$ 8.2). It then applies: output S1 open if flow $\geq$ switch point SP1 and medium temperature $\geq$ switch point SP2.

On flow monitoring function:

- If the flow velocity increases, signal SP1 changes when the switch point is reached.
- If the flow velocity falls again, signal SP1 changes when the value “SP1 minus hysteresis” is reached.

The hysteresis changes with the flow speed and it is essentially influenced by the set monitoring range.

It is 2...5 cm/s for the setting 5...100 cm/s (= factory setting), it increases with higher flow speeds.

3.3 Temperature monitoring with output S2

The unit detects the current medium temperature and switches the output S2:

- Output S2 closed if medium temperature $\geq$ SP2 / output open if medium temperature < SP2.

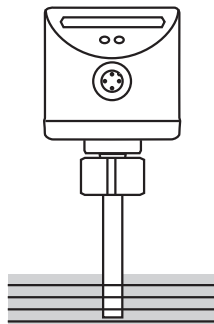
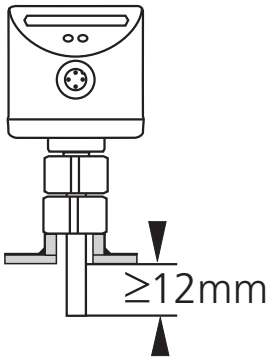
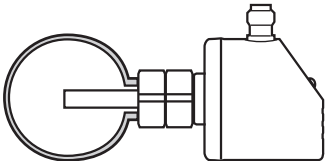
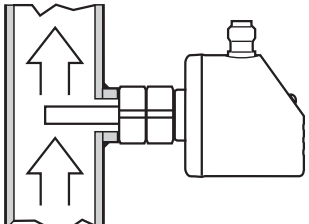
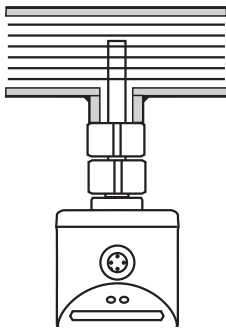
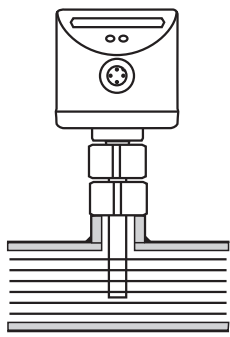
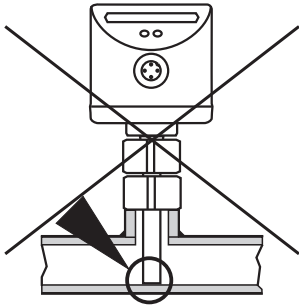
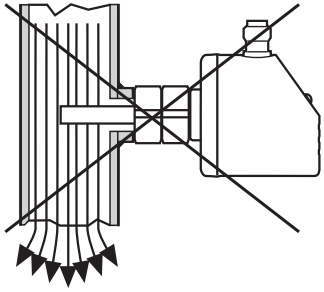
This applies to the unit on delivery: output = normally open. In case of need you can change the outputs to normally closed ($\rightarrow$ 8.2). It then applies: output S2 open if medium temperature $\geq$ SP2.

4 Installation

Using process adapters the unit can be adapted to different process connections.

- Adapters have to be ordered separately as accessories.
A correct fit of the unit and ingress resistance of the connection are only ensured using ifm adapters.
- For small flow rates ifm adapter blocks are available.

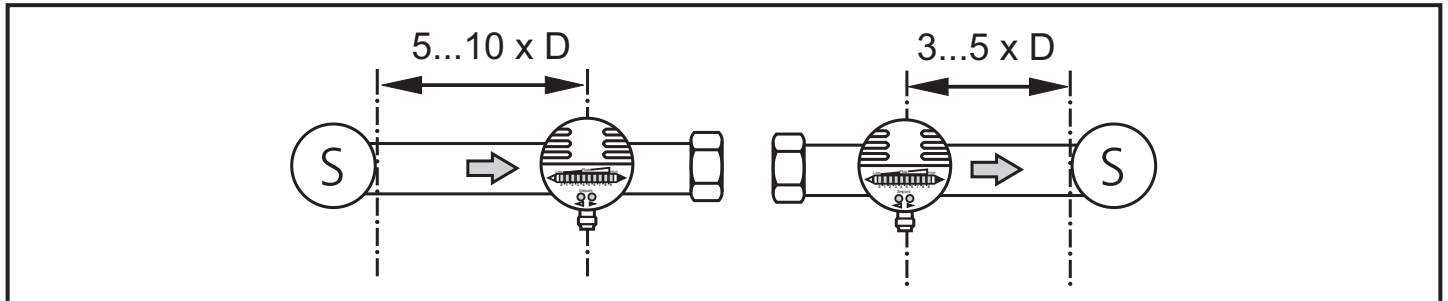
4.1 Installation location

General • The sensor tip is to be completely surrounded by the medium. • Insertion depth of the sensor: minimum 12 mm.		
Recommended • For horizontal pipes: mounting from the side. • For vertical pipes: mounting in the rising pipe.		
Conditional • Horizontal pipe /mounting from the bottom: if the pipe is free from build-up. • Horizontal pipe /mounting from the top: if the pipe is completely filled with medium.		
To avoid • The sensor tip must not be in contact with the pipe wall. • Do not mount in downpipes that are open at the bottom!		

4.2 Sources of interference in the pipe system

Components integrated in the pipes, bends, valves, reductions, etc. lead to turbulence of the medium. This affects the function of the unit.

Recommendation: Adhere to the distances between sensor and sources of interference:

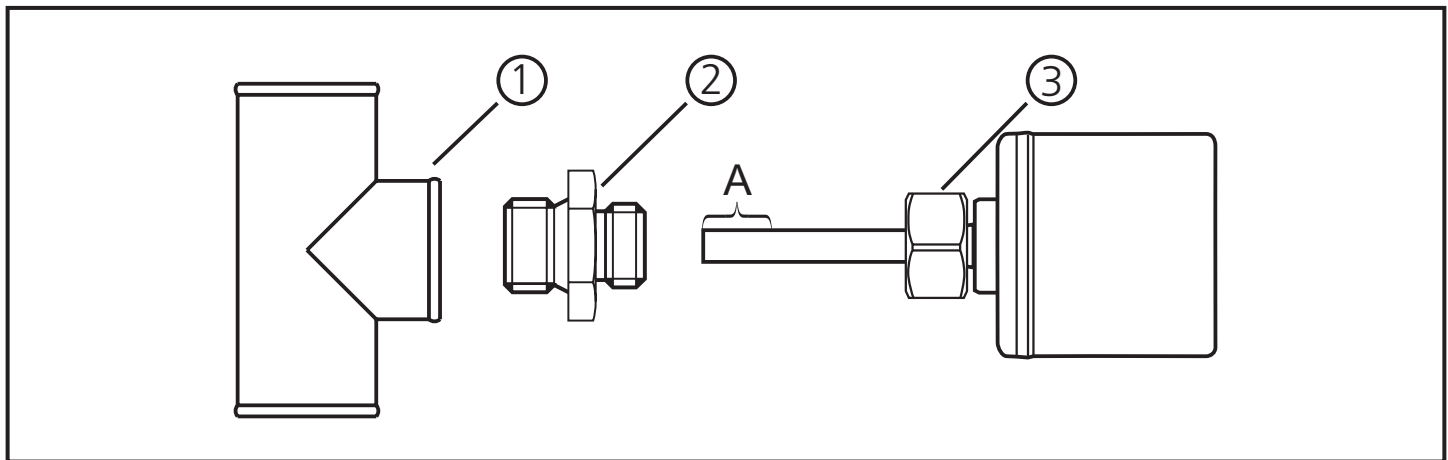


D = pipe diameter; S = sources of interference

4.3. Mounting operation



- Ensure that the system is free of pressure during installation.
- Ensure that no media can leak at the mounting location during installation.



- Grease the threads of the process connection (1), adapter (2) and nut (3).
Note: The sensor tip (A) must not be in contact with grease.
- Screw the suitable adapter into the process connection.
- Place the flow monitor onto the adapter and tighten the nut. Tightening torque 25 Nm. Ensure that the unit is correctly oriented.

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Voltage supply to EN 50178, SELV, PELV.

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1 = BN (brown), 2 = WH (white), 3 = BU (blue), 4 = BK (black)

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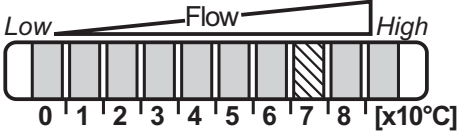
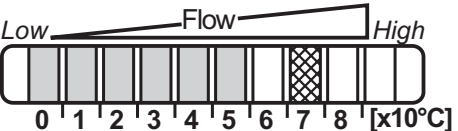
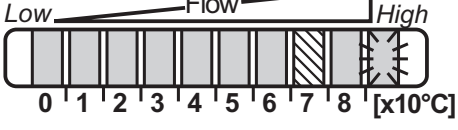
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7 Set-up and settings for water

(For media other than water → 8.1: Low flow adjustment).

- ▶ Switch on the supply voltage.
- > All LEDs light and go out again step by step. During this time the output S1 is closed (if configured as normally open). The unit is in the operating mode.
- ▶ Let the normal flow circulate in the installation.
- ▶ Check the display and determine further actions.

1		The factory setting is suitable for the application. ▶ No further settings are required for flow monitoring.
2		Your normal flow is below the representation range of the display. 2 setting options: ▶ Change the switch point (→ 7.1). ▶ Carry out high flow adjustment (→ 7.2).
3		Your normal flow exceeds the representation range of the display (LED 9 flashes). ▶ Carry out high flow adjustment (→ 7.2).

You can restore the factory setting any time. (→ 8.3).

7.1 Change switch point SP1 (flow monitoring), optional

For the factory setting the switch point is at LED 7. A change makes sense if:

- the display shows example 2.
 - the flow fluctuates much or pulsates.
 - if a faster response time of the unit is requested (low switch point = fast response with rising flow, high switch point = fast response with falling flow).
- ▶ Briefly press the pushbutton .
 - > The switch point LED flashes.
 - ▶ Press the pushbutton  or  as often as required. Each press of the pushbutton shifts the LED by one position in the indicated direction.

Note: If no pushbutton is pressed for 2 s, the unit returns to the operating mode with the newly set value.

7.2 High flow adjustment (optional)

The unit determines the existing flow as normal flow and adapts the display representation (all LEDs except the switch point LED light green).

- ▶ Let the normal flow circulate in the installation.
- ▶ Press the pushbutton ► and keep it pressed.
- > LED 9 lights, after approx. 5 s it flashes.
- ▶ Release the pushbutton.

The unit is now adapted to your flow conditions. It passes into the operating mode, the display should now show example 1.

Note: The adjustment affects the switch point: It is increased proportionally (maximum up to LED 7).

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7.3 Set the switch point SP2 (temperature)

- ▶ Briefly press the pushbutton ►.
- > The current temperature and the current setting of the switch point are indicated for 5 seconds in steps of 10°C (→ 10.1).

	Row of LEDs red = current temperature, LED green or orange = current switch point.
LED green if OUT = OFF; LED orange if OUT = ON	

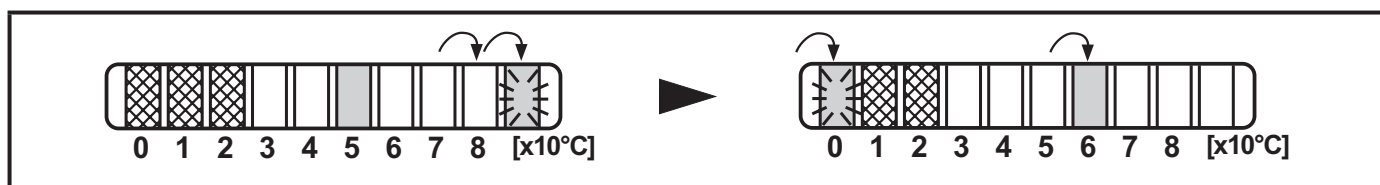
- ▶ Briefly press the pushbutton ► within 5 s another time.
- > The current setting of the switch point is displayed in steps of 1°C and can be changed.

	LED green = 1st digit (10 times X °C) LED green, flashing = 2nd digit (X °C) here: 51°C.
LED green if OUT = OFF; LED orange if OUT = ON. In addition the current temperature is indicated in steps of 10°C by red LEDs.	

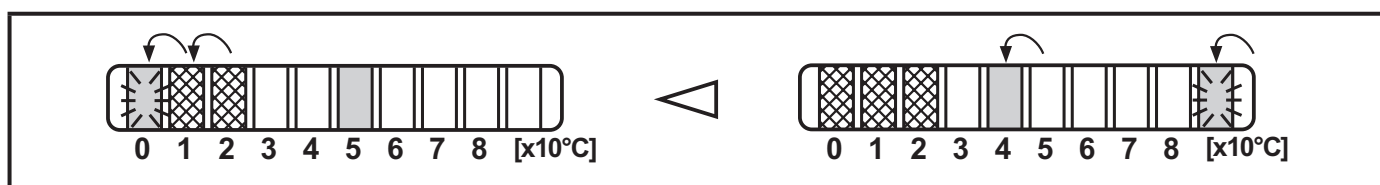
- ▶ Press the pushbutton ► or ◀ as often as required. Each press of the pushbutton shifts the flashing LED (1st digit) by one position in the indicated direction.

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After LED 9 has been reached the cycle starts again at LED 0. The LED which is constantly lit (2nd digit) moves on by one position to the right (if pushbutton ► is used).



After LED 0 has been reached the cycle starts again at LED 9. The LED which is constantly lit (2nd digit) moves on by one position to the left (if pushbutton ◀ is used).



Note: 5 s after the last press of the pushbutton the display returns to the temperature and switch point display mode (step 1). After another 5 s the unit goes to the operating mode with the newly set value.

8 Additional settings (optional)

8.1 Low flow adjustment

If the unit is used in media other than water, you should additionally adapt the unit to the minimum flow.

Note: The following adjustment must only be carried out after the high flow adjustment.

- Let the minimum flow circulate in the installation or ensure flow standstill.
- Press the pushbutton ◀ and keep it pressed.
- > LED 0 lights, after approx. 5 s it flashes.
- Release the pushbutton. The unit adopts the new value and passes into the operating mode.

8.2 Configure the switching outputs

The unit is delivered as normally open. In case of need you can change the outputs to normally closed (the changing applies to both outputs):

- Press the pushbutton ◀ for at least 15 s.
- > LED 0 lights, after approx. 5 s it flashes.

- > After 10 s the current setting is displayed: LEDs 5...9 light orange (= outputs normally open).
 - > After approx. 15 s LEDs 0...4 flash orange.
 - ▶ Release the pushbutton. The outputs are changed to normally closed operation
- For a new changeover repeat the operation.

8.3 Restore the factory setting (reset)

- ▶ Press the pushbutton ▶ for at least 15 s.
- > LED 9 lights, after approx. 5 s it flashes.
- > After approx. 15 s LEDs 0...9 flash orange.
- ▶ Release the pushbutton. All settings are reset to the factory setting:
 - operating area: 5 ...100 cm/s for water
 - switch point S1 (flow): LED 7
 - switch point S2 (temperature): LED 0 (4°C)
 - output function: NO
 - unlocked.

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8.4 Lock / unlock the unit

The unit can be locked electronically to prevent unintentional settings.

- ▶ Press both setting pushbuttons simultaneously for at least 10 s in the operating mode.
- > The indication goes out, the unit locks or unlocks.

On delivery: unlocked.



9 Error during adjustment

If no adjustment is possible, all LEDs flash red. The unit then passes into the operating mode with unchanged values.

Possible cause /aid:

Error during installation.	► Read chapter 4 Installation. Check whether all requirements have been met.
The difference between maximum flow and minimum flow is too small.	► Increase the flow difference and carry out the adjustment once again.
The sequence high flow /low flow adjustment was not adhered to.	► Carry out the two adjustment operations again in the right sequence.

10 Operation

After every power on all LEDs light and go out again step by step (during this time the outputs are closed if configured as normally open). The unit is then ready for operation.

In case of power failure or interruption all settings remain.

10.1 Indication of the current temperature and switch point SP2

► Briefly press the pushbutton ► .

> The current temperature and the current setting of the switch point are indicated for 5 seconds in steps of 10°C.

									
0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9 [x10°C]

Row of LEDs red = current temperature T in °C.

LED	0	0...1	0...2	0...3	...	0...9
T	0...9	10...19	20...29	30...39		90...99

LED green or orange = current switch point S2 in °C

LED	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
S2	2...4	5...14	15...24	25...34	35...44	45...54	55...64	65...74	75...80	---

LED green if OUT = OFF; LED orange if OUT = ON

10.2 Operating indicators

	Green LED bar: Current flow within the representation range. Indication of the flow switch point (S1): - LED orange: output closed. - LED red: output open.
	LED 9 flashes: current flow above the representation range.
	LED 0 flashes: current flow far below the representation range.

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10.3 Interference indicators

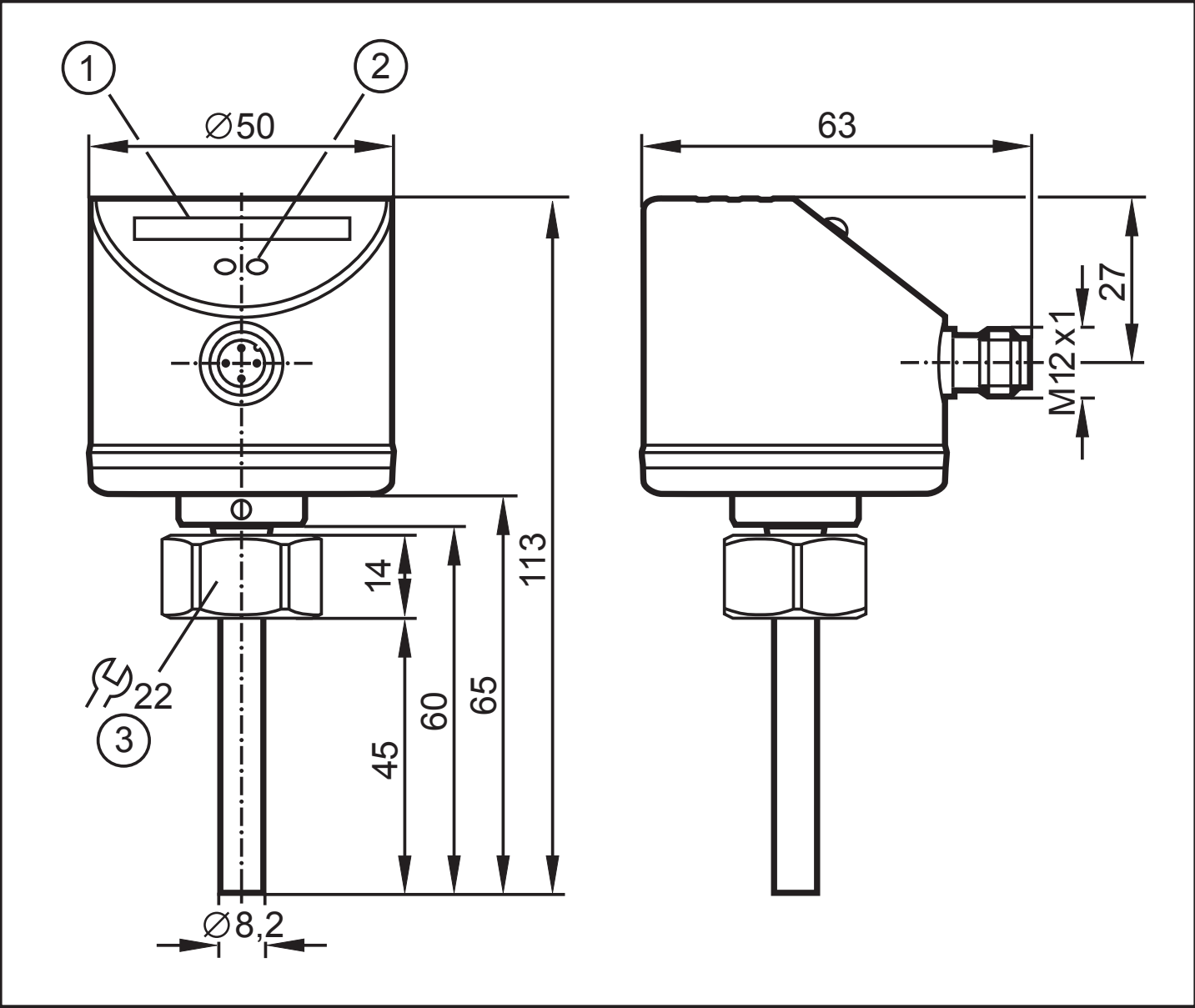
	Short circuit at the switching output S1. The operating indicator and 5 red LEDs on the left hand light alternately. If the short circuit has been rectified, the unit immediately passes into the normal operating state. The current operating state is displayed.
	Short circuit at the switching output S2. The operating indicator and 5 red LEDs on the right hand light alternately. If the short circuit has been rectified, the unit immediately passes into the normal operating state. The current operating state is displayed.
Display OFF (no LED lights):	Operating voltage too low (< 19 V) or failed. Ensure a correct voltage supply.

11 Maintenance

Recommended maintenance:

- Check the sensor tip for build-up from time to time.
- Clean it using a soft cloth. Stubborn build-up (e.g. lime) can be removed using a common vinegar cleaning agent.

12 Scale drawing



- 1: LED bar display
- 2: set button
- 3: tightening torque 25 Nm

13 Technical data

Application area	Liquids and gases
Operating voltage [V]	19 ... 36 DC ¹⁾
Current rating [mA]	2 x 250
Short-circuit protection, pulsed; reverse polarity / overload protection	
Voltage drop [V]	< 2.5
Current consumption [mA]	< 60
Power-on delay time [s]	10, optically indicated

Flow monitoring

Liquids

Medium temperature [°C]	-25 ... +80
Setting range [cm/s].....	3 ... 300
Greatest sensitivity [cm/s]	3...100
Temperature gradient [K/min]	300

Gases

Medium temperature [°C]	-25 ... +80
Setting range [cm/s].....	200 ... 3000
Greatest sensitivity [cm/s].....	200 ... 800
Switch point accuracy [cm/s]	$\pm 2 \dots \pm 10^{(2)}$
Hysteresis [cm/s]	2...5 ⁽²⁾
Repeatability [cm/s]	1...5 ⁽²⁾
Temperature drift [cm/s x 1/K].....	0.1 ⁽³⁾
Response time [s].....	1 ... 10

Temperature monitoring

Setting range [°C]	2...80
Resolution [K]	1
Hysteresis [K]	2
Repeatability [K]	± 2
Accuracy of switch point [K]	± 3 (v > 5cm/s; liquids))
Response time temperature (typ.) [s]	5

Pressure resistance [bar].....	300
Operating temperature [°C]	-25 ... 80
Protection rating	IP 67
Protection class	III
Shock resistance [g]	50 (DIN / IEC 68-2-27, 11 ms)
Vibration resistance [g]	20 (DIN / IEC 68-2-6, 55-2000 Hz)
Housing materials.....	stainless steel 316L / 1.4404; stainless steel 304 / 1.4301; PC (Makrolon); PBT-GF 20; EPDM/X (Santoprene)
Materials (wetted parts).....	stainless steel 316L / 1.4404 O-ring: FPM 8x1.5 gr 80° Shore A

EMC

EN 61000-4-2 ESD:	4 kV CD / 8 kV AD
EN 61000-4-3 HF radiated:	10 V/m
EN 61000-4-4 Burst:	2 kV
EN 61000-4-6 HF conducted:	10 V

¹⁾ to EN50178, SELV, PELV;

²⁾ for water; 5...100 cm/s; 25°C (factory setting)

³⁾ for water; 5...100 cm/s; 10...70°C

The sensor conforms to the standard EN 61000-6-2

More information at www.ifm.com

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